



PERTH MODERN SCHOOL
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Mini Test Chap 1, 2 & 3

Semester One 2018
Mathematics Methods
Calc Assumed
(Formula sheet allowed)

Name:

Solutions

Time: 25 minutes

Total:

/25 marks

Working needs to be shown for full marks

Question 1 [2 marks]

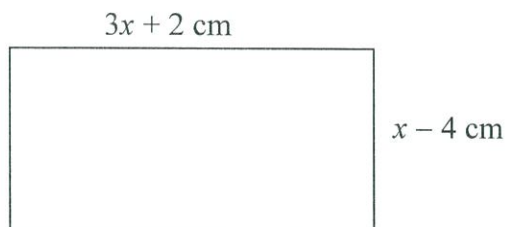
If $\frac{x}{6} - \frac{x-4}{2} = 0$, then what does x equal?

$$\frac{x}{6} - \frac{x-4}{2} \left(\frac{3}{3}\right) = 0$$
$$\frac{x}{6} - \frac{3(x-4)}{6} = 0$$

$$x - 3x + 12 = 0$$
$$-2x + 12 = 0$$
$$x = 6$$

Question 2 [2 marks]

The perimeter of the rectangle shown is 60 cm.



What is the value of x ?

$$P = 2L + 2W$$
$$60 = 2(3x + 2) + 2(x - 4)$$
$$60 = 6x + 4 + 2x - 8$$
$$= 8x - 4$$
$$64 = 8x$$
$$x = 8$$

Question 3 [2 marks]

Solve the simultaneous equations:

$$8x + 3y = 14 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$2x + y = 4 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \times -3 \quad -6x - 3y = -12 \quad \text{--- (1)} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\textcircled{1} + \textcircled{2} \quad 2x = 2$$
$$x = 1$$

$$\text{Sub } \textcircled{2} \quad 2 + y = 4$$
$$y = 2$$

$$\therefore (1, 2) \quad \checkmark$$

Question 4 [2 marks]

What is the equation of the line that passes through the point (5, 9) and is parallel to the line $y = 3x + 7$.

$$m = 3$$
$$\text{At } \begin{matrix} x & y \\ (5, 9) \end{matrix}$$

$$y = mx + c$$
$$9 = 3(5) + c \quad \checkmark$$
$$c = -6$$

$$\therefore y = 3x - 6 \quad \checkmark$$

Question 5 [1 marks]

Point A has coordinates (1, 10) and point B has coordinates (5, 2). What are the coordinates of the midpoint of the line segment AB .

$$\text{Midpoint} = \left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$$
$$= \left(\frac{1 + 5}{2}, \frac{10 + 2}{2} \right)$$
$$= (3, 6) \quad \checkmark$$

Question 6 [2 marks]

What is the gradient of the line passing through the points with coordinates (2, 6) and (3, 11).

$$m = \frac{11-6}{3-2} \checkmark$$

$$= 5 \checkmark$$

Question 7 [3 marks]

What is the equation of the parabola that passes through the point (2, 11) and has its vertex at (-1, 4).

At (2, 11)

$$y = a(x+1)^2 + 4 \checkmark$$

$$11 = a(2+1)^2 + 4$$

$$11 = 9a + 4$$

$$9a = 7$$

$$a = \frac{7}{9} \checkmark$$

$$\therefore y = \frac{7}{9}(x+1)^2 + 4 \checkmark$$

Question 8 [2 marks]

What is the maximum value of y for $y = 8 + 2x - x^2$.

Use Calculator

$$y = -x^2 + 2x + 8$$

$$= -(x^2 - 2x - 8)$$

$$= -((x-1)^2 - 8 - 1)$$

$$= -((x-1)^2 - 9)$$

$$= -(x-1)^2 + 9$$

$$\therefore TP = (1, 9)$$

\therefore Max Value of y is 9 $\checkmark\checkmark$

Question 9 [4 marks]

The graph of $y = 2x^2 - kx + 3$ touches the x -axis. What are the possible values of k .

$$\text{Discriminant} = 0$$

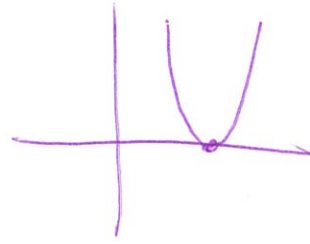
$$0 = b^2 - 4ac$$

$$= (-k)^2 - 4(2)(3) \checkmark$$

$$= k^2 - 24 \checkmark$$

$$k^2 = 24$$

$$k = \pm\sqrt{24} = \pm\sqrt{4 \times 6} = \pm 2\sqrt{6}$$

**Question 10 [1, 1, 1, 2 = 5 marks]**

The height, h m, of a stone t seconds after it is thrown vertically upwards is given by $h = 41t - 5.5t^2$.

- a Find the maximum height reached by the stone.

$$\approx 76.4 \text{ m } \checkmark$$

- b What is the height of the stone when $t = 3$?

$$\approx 73.5 \checkmark$$

- c Find the time it takes for the stone to return to the ground.

$$7.45 \text{ seconds } \checkmark$$

- d Find the times at which the height of the stone is 60 m.

$$2 \text{ seconds } \& \text{ } 5.45 \text{ seconds } \checkmark$$